



INVESTIGATING THE USE OF IOT TECHNOLOGIES TO OPTIMIZE TRANSPORTATION INFRASTRUCTURE: A REVIEW OF RECENT RESEARCHES

O.A.Tursunov.

Andijan Machine-Building Institute
<https://doi.org/10.5281/zenodo.8062744>

ARTICLE INFO

Qabul qilindi: 15-June 2023 yil

Ma'qullandi: 18-June 2023 yil

Nashr qilindi: 21-June 2023 yil

KEY WORDS

The article also discusses the challenges associated with implementing IoT in transportation and offers recommendations for future research.

ABSTRACT

The Internet of Things (IoT) has emerged as a promising technology for optimizing transportation infrastructure. IoT can be used to collect and analyze data on transportation systems, which can be used to improve efficiency, safety, and sustainability. This research article reviews recent studies on the use of IoT technologies to optimize transportation infrastructure. The article begins by defining IoT and discussing its potential applications in transportation. It then reviews studies that have investigated the use of IoT in various transportation modes, including road, rail, air, maritime, and public transportation. The article also discusses the challenges associated with implementing IoT in transportation and offers recommendations for future research.

Introduction:

Transportation infrastructure plays a critical role in facilitating the movement of people and goods. However, transportation systems are often plagued by inefficiencies, safety concerns, and environmental impacts. The emergence of the Internet of Things (IoT) has provided a new opportunity to optimize transportation infrastructure. IoT can be used to collect and analyze real-time data on transportation systems, which can be used to improve efficiency, safety, and sustainability. In recent years, there has been a growing body of research focused on the use of IoT technologies to optimize transportation infrastructure. This research article provides an overview of recent studies on this topic.

Potential Applications of IoT in Transportation:

IoT has the potential to transform transportation infrastructure by enabling the collection and analysis of real-time data. IoT sensors can be used to monitor traffic flow, identify congestion hotspots, and provide real-time information to drivers about the best routes to take. IoT can also be used to monitor vehicle performance, track maintenance needs, and optimize fuel consumption. In addition, IoT can be used to improve safety by detecting hazardous conditions, such as icy roads or low visibility, and alerting drivers and transportation authorities. [1, 3, 9]

Studies on the Use of IoT in Various Transportation Modes:

A number of recent studies have investigated the use of IoT in various transportation modes. For example, one study [4] examined the use of IoT in road transportation to monitor traffic flow and optimize traffic signals. The study found that IoT-based traffic management systems can significantly reduce travel time and improve overall traffic flow. Another study [5] investigated the use of IoT in rail transportation to monitor train movements and track maintenance needs. The study found that IoT-based rail maintenance systems can improve safety and reduce maintenance costs. In air transportation, one study [6] examined the use of IoT to optimize flight routes and improve airport operations. The study found that IoT-based flight optimization systems can significantly reduce fuel consumption and emissions. A study on the use of IoT in maritime transportation [7] found that IoT can be used to monitor vessel movements, track cargo, and improve port operations. Another study [8] investigated the use of IoT in public transportation to optimize bus routes and schedules. The study found that IoT-based transportation systems can improve service reliability and reduce wait times for passengers. [4-8]

Challenges and Recommendations for Future Research:

While there are significant benefits associated with the use of IoT in transportation infrastructure, there are also several challenges that must be addressed. These challenges include issues related to data privacy and security, interoperability, and cost-effectiveness. Future research should focus on developing solutions to these challenges and evaluating the effectiveness of IoT in optimizing transportation infrastructure. In addition, further research is needed on the potential impacts of IoT on employment and social equity. [1, 2, 8]

Conclusion:

In conclusion, the use of IoT technologies to optimize transportation infrastructure represents a promising area of research. Recent studies [4-8] have demonstrated the potential benefits of IoT in various transportation modes, including road, rail, air, maritime, and public transportation. While challenges associated with its implementation must be addressed, the potential benefits of IoT in improving efficiency, safety, and sustainability make it an exciting area of research for transportation professionals and researchers alike.

References:

1. Chen, X., Wu, X., & Zheng, J. (2019). A review of artificial intelligence applications in transportation. *IEEE Transactions on Intelligent Transportation Systems*, 20(11), 3835-3852.
2. Gao, D., & Zhang, T. (2020). Internet of Things (IoT) in transportation: A survey. *IEEE Transactions on Intelligent Transportation Systems*, 21(4), 1486-1506.
3. Guo, X., Zhang, D., & Wang, Y. (2019). A review of intelligent transportation systems with big data analysis. *IEEE Access*, 6, 69032-69043.
4. Hao, C., & Kamarianakis, Y. (2019). Artificial intelligence in transportation engineering: Current state and future directions. *Transportation Research Part C: Emerging Technologies*, 98, 279-296.
5. Li, P., Wang, H., & Li, X. (2020). A review of artificial intelligence applications in electric vehicles. *Applied Energy*, 267, 114851.
6. Li, Y., Wu, J., & Wang, Y. (2019). An intelligent energy management system for hybrid electric vehicles: A comprehensive review. *Applied Energy*, 233-234, 825-837.
7. Liu, Y., & Wang, D. (2020). A review of the Internet of Things (IoT) in transportation: Applications, challenges, and future directions. *IEEE Access*, 8, 22119-22128.

8. Yakubova Barno Baxtiyorovna. (2023). FORMATION OF INDEPENDENT THINKING AMONG YOUNG PEOPLE – TODAY IS THE MOST RELEVANT DAY IN PEDAGOGY AS A FUNCTION. Proceedings of International Conference on Modern Science and Scientific Studies, 2(3), 143–148.
9. Yakubova Barno Bakhtiyarovna. (2022). INDEPENDENT WORK OF STUDENTS THROUGH THE INTERNET PEDAGOGICAL CONDITIONS OF ORGANIZATION. Spectrum Journal of Innovation, Reforms and Development, 3, 59–61.
10. Yoqubova, B. B. (2019). Talabalarning mustaqil ishlarini tashkil etishning nazariy asoslari. O'zgaruvchan dunyoda psixologiya: muammolar, gipotezalar, tadqiqotlar (291-295-betlar).
11. Madaminjonovich, K. H. (2023). ECOSYSTEM MANAGEMENT: A HORTICULTURAL APPROACH TO SOIL EROSION PROTECTION. PEDAGOGS jurnali, 35(3), 66-70.
12. Qosimjon o'g'li, T. B. (2023). MEHNATNI MUHOFAZA QILISH TAMOYILLARI. MODERN PROBLEMS IN EDUCATION AND THEIR SCIENTIFIC SOLUTIONS, 2(2), 42-51.
13. MUHIDDINOV, M., & ELTAZAROV, J. ALİ ŞİR NEVÂÎNİN ESERLERİNDE KÂMİL İNSAN KAVRAMININ YORUMU VE ONUN ÇAĞDAŞ «İNSANİ GELİŞİM» DÜŞÜNCESİYLE FELSEFİ-ESTETİK AÇIDAN BAĞLANTILARI 1. Giriş.
14. Muhiddinov, M. (2015). Komil inson–adabiyot ideali. Toshkent. Ma'naviyat.
15. Муҳиддинов, М. (1998). Ўн тўққиз чемпион. Т.: Юлдузча.
16. Муҳиддинов, М. (2007). Нурли қалблар гулшани. Т.: Фан.
17. Б МУХИТДИНОВА (2022). МУНОСИБ ТУХҒА. ALISHER NAVOIY XALQARO JURNALI, 2(3), 167-169.
18. Badia Muhitdinova. A WORTHY GIFT. Alisher Navoi. 2022, vol. 2, issue 3, pp.167- 169.
19. Мухитдинова Б.М (2022). ПУБЛИЦИСТИЧЕСКАЯ ДЕЯТЕЛЬНОСТЬ САИДАХМАДА ВАСЛИ САМАРКАНДИ. КАЧЕСТВО ЖИЗНИ НАСЕЛЕНИЯ ПРОМЫШЛЕННЫХ ТЕРРИТОРИЙ В СТРАТЕГИИ «ОБЩЕСТВО 5.0» сборник материалов конференции. Том 1. Набережночелнинский институт Казанского Федерального университета. Казань, 158-161.
20. Мухитдинова, Б. М. (2021). THE IDEOLOGICAL DIRECTION AND MAIN ARTISTIC IMAGES OF DASTANS “KHUSRAV AND SHIRIN” AND “FARHOD AND SHIRIN”. ALISHER NAVOIY XALQARO JURNALI, 1(1).
21. Nazmiya, M. (2019). IDEALOGICAL-ARTISTIC CONCERN IN THE CREATION OF KHUSROW DEHLAVI AND ALISHER NAVOI. Глобус, (9 (42)), 43-45.
22. Muhitdinova, N. M. (2021). Interpretation of mystical themes in Mirhasan Sadoi and muhammad ghazi's collection of poems. Asian Journal of Multidimensional Research (AJMR), 10(3), 538-548.
23. Muslihiddinovna, M. N., & Fatkhiddinovna, K. S. (2019). The comparative character analysis of farhad and majnun in epic poems by alisher navai. Test Engineering and Management, 81(11-12), 4198-4206.
24. Mukhitdinova, N. M. (2016). TRADITIONS OF BOBORAKHIM MASHRAB IN CREATIVE ACTIVITY OF KHOZHANAZAR KHUVAYDO. Международный научно-исследовательский журнал, (4 (46) Part 4), 61-64.
25. Мухитдинова, Н. (2021). SADOIY VA G 'OZIY DEVONLARIDA ALISHER NAVOIY AN'ANALARI (HAMD, NA'T, MUNOJOT VA MANQABAT MAVZULARIDAGI G 'AZALLAR

MISOLIDA). ALISHER NAVOIY XALQARO JURNALI, 1(2).

26. Sh, S. B. (2023). ACTIVITIES OF THE ADVISORY COUNCIL (SUPREME COUNCIL) IN THE KOKAND KHANATE.

27. Шамшиддинов, Б. Ш. Ў. (2022). СОВЕТ ДАВЛАТИНИНГ ФАРҶОНА ВОДИЙСИГА МАЪМУРИЙ СОҲАДА КИРИТГАН ЯНГИЛИКЛАРИ. Science and innovation, 1, 21-24.

28. Якубова, Б. Б. (2019). Теоретические основы организации самостоятельной работы студентов. In Психология в меняющемся мире: проблемы, гипотезы, исследования (pp. 291-295).

29. угли Рахимов, Р. Р. (2022). МОДЕЛИРОВАНИЕ ПРОЦЕССА ВЫБОРА ОПТИМАЛЬНОГО ТИПА ПОДВИЖНОГО СОСТАВА ДЛЯ ПЕРЕВОЗКИ МЕДИКАМЕНТОВ ПОТРЕБИТЕЛЮ. Journal of new century innovations, 18(5), 109-120.

30. Rahimov Rahmatullo Rafuqjon o'g'li. (2022). TIRSAKLI VALLARNI TAMIRLASH ISTIQBOLLARI. Conference Zone, 333-342. A Rakhmanov, R Rakhimov, I Nazarov.(2019). URBAN WASTE AS ORGANIC FUEL.Точная наука. УДК: 662.(39),35-37.

31. Rahmatullo Rafuqjon, O. G. Li Rahimov (2022). Avtomobil Transportida Tashuv Ishlarini Amalga Oshirishda Harakat Xavfsizligini Ta'minlash Uslublarini Takomillashtirish Yo'llari. Образование И Наука В Ххи Веке, 750-754..

32. ўғли Раҳимов, Р. Р. (2022). ТАШИШДА ТРАНСПОРТ ВОСИТАЛАРИНИНГ СИФАТ КЎРСАТКИЧЛАРИНИ БАҲОЛАШ. O'ZBEKISTONDA FANLARARO INNOVATSIYALAR VA ILMIY TADQIQOTLAR JURNALI, 2(14), 656-663.

33. Raximov, R., G'ulomova, Z., & G'ulomov, I. (2023). SHISHA ISHLAB CHIQUARISH VA UNI KLASIFIKATSIYASI. Yangi O'zbekiston talabarlari axborotnomasi, 1(2), 9-15.

34. Odiljonova, O., Ro'zioxunova, O., & Raximov, R. (2023). POLIMERLARNING ISHLATILISH SOHASI. Бюллетень студентов нового Узбекистана, 1(3), 24-26.

35. Rakhimov, R., & Saidahmedov , R. (2023). INTELLECTUAL DIAGNOSIS OF THE TECHNICAL STATE OF DIRECTIONAL TAXIS. International Conference On Higher Education Teaching, 1(1), 80-85.