

DESIGN OF A MODERN FASTENING AND LOOSENING DEVICE FOR MACHINING OF PLATE-TYPE PARTS ON A MILLING MACHINE

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ABSTRACT

In the course of the study, an analysis of the manufacturability of the part was carried out. The type of production was determined in accordance with the annual production program and the design of the part. In accordance with the type of production, as well as the material of the part, a blank was selected. Calculations of allowances, tolerances, technological dimensions, cutting modes, main and auxiliary times, work piece clamping force for milling have been carried out.

As a result of the study, a technological process for manufacturing a part was designed and a special device for milling was designed.

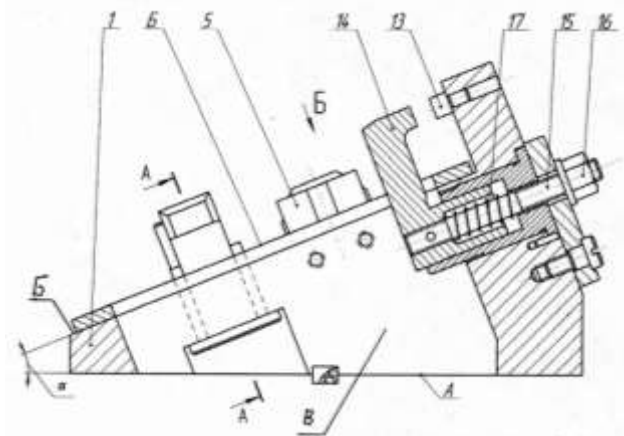
A device for fixing parts of the "plate" type when processing their inner contour on a milling or slotting machine, containing a body on which there are supporting base plates for installing the frame to be processed, as well as side clamps designed to fix the frame along its lateral surfaces, characterized in that that it is equipped with side and end stops installed on the body, designed to press the side and end surfaces of the frame to them, respectively, by pressing mechanisms, and the mechanism for pressing the side surface of the frame to the side stop is made in the form of a clamp installed at the end of a screw screwed into a threaded hole a strap fixed to the body, and the mechanism for pressing the end surface of the frame to the

stop is made in the form of a body installed in the bore with the possibility of reciprocating movement and rotation of the stuck, spring-loaded relative to the body and fastened with a threaded rod installed in the body, onto the threaded part which a clamping nut is screwed on, while each of the side clamps is made in the form of an L-shaped grip, mounted in the bore of the body with the possibility of reciprocating movement and rotation, and is spring-loaded relative to the body, and in each clamp there is an axial hole through which a threaded rod is passed, one threaded end of which is screwed into the body, and on the other there is screwed a clamping nut in contact with the clamp.

The article relates to the field of tooling for metal-cutting machines and can be used to fix a wide range of parts of the "frame" type when processing them on milling and slotting machines.

Parts of the "plate" type refer to planar parts, the inner contour of which is formed by one or more cavities (windows) communicating with each other or made separately. Details of the "frame" type are generally characterized by a square, rectangular or elongated shape, a wide range of sizes and varying rigidity. When processing the inner contour of such parts, it is necessary to accurately install and fix them, as well as to exclude their deformation and displacement of the position of the part in the fixture during its clamping, this is especially important for parts of significant sizes, even minor deformation and displacement of which relative to the base elements when fixing them leads to significant processing errors. The internal contours of such parts are usually machined on milling machines, and the radius surfaces of the mating of linear contours are machined on slotting machines. Therefore, it is important, when installing parts in a fixture, to arrange the fixture's clamping elements in such a way as to ensure that the inner contour can be machined with a minimum number of part reinstallations. The surface of the inner contour can be perpendicular to its planes, or made at a different angle to them.

Fig.1. Design of a modern fastening and loosening device for machining of plate-type parts on a milling machine.



It is known an adaptation to a milling machine for fixing a part, comprising a body on which support strips are fixed, designed to install the part to be processed and move it to a predetermined position to the stop installed on the body, as well as a mechanism for securing the part, made in the form of two racks fixed to the body, on which pressure levers are mounted on the axles, connected by means of rods with a drive for their rotation to fix (unfasten) the part.

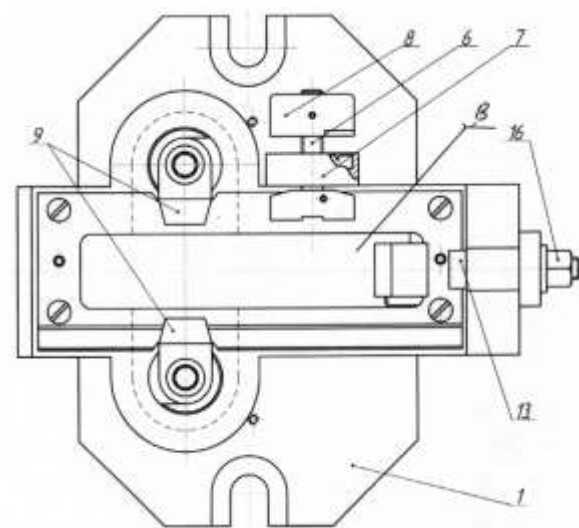


Fig.2. Design of a modern fastening and loosening device for machining of plate-type parts on a milling machine (horizontal view).



As a result of the analysis of the known device, it should be noted that its disadvantage is that the coordinated movement of the clamping levers requires high accuracy of their dimensions, because even a small different magnitude of their stroke can lead to displacement of the part when it is fastened, and, consequently, to a decrease in the accuracy of processing the part.

A device for fastening parts is known, comprising a housing, in parallel bores of which bushings are fixed. In the bushings with the possibility of axial reciprocating movement and rotation, there are rotary clamping L-shaped levers spring-loaded relative to the body, on which there are clamping elements. The ends of the L-shaped levers are connected to the rocker arm. The device is equipped with a mechanism for fixing the part with L-shaped levers, made in the form of a plunger, in which there is a groove for installing a roller, which is mounted on an axis with the possibility of rotation.

As a result of the analysis of the known device, it should be noted that it, like the claimed device, is intended for fixing flat parts. The fixation of the part in the device is carried out by clamps along the upper plane of the part to the base surface of the body without the use of mounting stops, which does not allow it to be oriented to a precisely specified position. In addition, when clamping a work piece, it may be displaced relative to the position set during installation due to the contact of the clamps with the surface of the work piece to be processed. All this reduces the accuracy of the part machining.

The technical result of this utility model is the development of a device that secures flat-shaped parts - frames with their fixation in a precisely specified position, which increases the accuracy of processing their inner contour.

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