



THE CONCEPT OF PSYCHOLINGUISTICS IN LINGUISTICS

Begoyim Yuldosheva

4th year student of Navoi State Pedagogical Institute, Faculty of
Uzbek Language and Literature

<https://doi.org/10.5281/zenodo.13890799>

ARTICLE INFO

Received: 27th September 2024
Accepted: 29th September 2024
Published: 30th September 2024

KEYWORDS

*psycholinguistics,
linguopsychology, speech,
speech pathology, language,
speech genesis, text, recipient.*

ABSTRACT

This article talks about the conditions for the emergence of psycholinguistics, that is, the direction of linguopsychology, its uniqueness and its necessity today. Its role in the process of perception and understanding of the text is still not sufficiently studied, which, in turn, requires serious attention in the issue of determining the rules of text analysis and semantic perception.

Psycholinguistics is a fascinating field that combines psychology and linguistics to study how the human brain processes language. In Uzbek, this field is known as. Essentially, it explores the relationship between language and the mind, including how we acquire language, how we understand and produce speech, and how we communicate with others. It delves into the complexities of language and cognition, shedding light on how our brains interpret and make meaning of the words we hear and use every day. One important concept in psycholinguistics is the idea of language acquisition, which refers to how we learn and develop language skills from infancy through adulthood. Researchers study how children acquire their first language, as well as how adults learn second or foreign languages. Understanding the cognitive processes involved in language learning can help educators develop more effective teaching strategies and interventions for individuals with language difficulties. By examining how our brains process and store language information, psycholinguists can also gain insights into various language-related disorders, such as aphasia or dyslexia.

Another key area of study in psycholinguistics is language comprehension, which involves how we understand spoken or written language. Researchers investigate factors that influence comprehension, such as syntax, semantics, and pragmatics. They also explore how context, memory, and attention play a role in our ability to interpret language. By analyzing language processing in real-time using techniques like eye-tracking or brain imaging, psycholinguists can uncover the intricate mechanisms that underlie our ability to comprehend and communicate effectively. In conclusion, the study of a crucial field that offers valuable insights into the complex relationship between language and the mind. Through research and experimentation, psycholinguists continue to expand our understanding of how we use language to communicate, think, and interact with the world around us. As technology advances and new methodologies are developed, we can expect further discoveries that will enhance our knowledge of language processing and shape the future of language studies.

Psycho linguistics is a fascinating field of study that explores the relationship between language and cognitive processes. The concept of tilshunoslik, or language study, is central to understanding the way in which we acquire, process, and produce language. In the realm of psycho linguistics, researchers delve into the complexities of language comprehension, production, and acquisition, seeking to uncover the underlying cognitive mechanisms that allow us to communicate effectively.

One of the key theories within psycho linguistics is the idea of mental representations of language. This theory posits that individuals store linguistic information in their minds in a systematic and organized manner, allowing for efficient processing and comprehension of language. By examining how these mental representations are formed, accessed, and utilized during language processing tasks, researchers can gain insights into the underlying cognitive processes involved in language comprehension. This understanding is crucial for developing effective language teaching methods and interventions for individuals with language disorders. Furthermore, psycho linguistics also delves into the intricacies of language production, exploring how we generate speech and text in a coherent and meaningful manner. By examining the processes involved in speech planning, word retrieval, and sentence construction, researchers can shed light on the cognitive mechanisms that underlie our ability to produce language. This study of language production is essential for understanding communication disorders, such as aphasia, as well as for developing strategies to improve language production in both typical and atypical populations. In conclusion, the study of psycho linguistics offers valuable insights into the complex relationship between language and cognition, enhancing our understanding of how we communicate and providing a solid foundation for the development of effective language teaching and intervention strategies. Psycholinguistics is a fascinating field that explores the relationship between language and the human mind. This field delves into how we acquire, perceive, produce, and understand language. One key concept in psycholinguistics is the notion of language processing, which refers to the mental processes involved in comprehending and producing language. Through studying these processes, psychologists and linguists are able to gain insights into how the human brain processes and interprets language.

One important concept in psycholinguistics is the idea of language acquisition. This refers to the process through which individuals learn and internalize language. Psycholinguists study how children acquire their first language, as well as how adults learn additional languages. They investigate the cognitive processes involved in language acquisition, such as how we form grammatical structures, acquire vocabulary, and develop language skills. By understanding these processes, researchers are able to explore how our brains are wired for language and how language shapes our cognitive development. Another key area of study in psycholinguistics is language comprehension. Psycholinguists investigate how we interpret and understand language, including how we process speech sounds, recognize words, and infer meaning from context. This research helps us understand how the brain is able to make sense of linguistic input and how we are able to communicate effectively with others. By studying language comprehension, psychologists and linguists are able to gain insights into how language shapes our thoughts, beliefs, and behaviors. In conclusion, psycholinguistics is a rich and complex field that offers valuable insights into the intricate relationship between language and the human mind.

Used literature

1. Madjidova R.U., Mukhitdinova H.S., Sulstonova Sh.M. Text of lectures on general linguistics. - Tashkent - 2016.
2. Primov A., Kadirova Kh. Actual problems of linguistics. Instructional manual.

3. Belyanin V.P. Basic psycholinguistic diagnosis (model mira v literature). - M: Trivola, 2000.
4. Karimov S.A. Issues of theoretical linguistics. - Samarkand - 2012.
5. Kovshikov V.A., Pukhov V.P. Psychology. Teoriya rechevoy deyatelnosti: Uchebnik dlya vuzov. - M.: Astrel, AST, 2007.
6. Leontev A.A. Psikholingutischeskie edinitsy i porojdenie rechevogo vyskazyvaniya. - M.: Nauka, 1969.
7. Novikov A.I. Tekst kak obekt issledovaniya lingvopsiknologii // Metodologiya sovremennoy psycholingvistiki: Sb. state. - Moscow; Barnaul: Izd-vo Alt. flour, 2003.
8. Peshkova N.P. Psikholingutischeskie aspekti typologii nauchnogo teksta: Autoref. dis. ... Dr. Philol. science - Ufa: BashGU, 2002.
9. Sorokin Yu.A. Text: wholeness, connection, emotion // Aspects of the general and private theory of the text. - M., 1982.

