



CALCULATION OF ANNUAL ECONOMIC EFFICIENCY OBTAINED FROM THE IMPLEMENTATION OF AN IMPROVED VARIANT OF THE BD-448 PNEUMOMECHANICAL SPINNING MACHINE SUPPLY CYLINDER DESIGN

Murodov orif jumayevich

orifakadem81@gmail.com

Panjiyev orifjon erkinovich

orifakkaunt@gmail.com

Raxmonkulov akmal oblakul o'g'li

akmalraxmonqulov590@gmail.com

Qurbonaliyev ahmad zufarjon o'g'li

p66245540@gmail.com

Gulistan State University, Gulistan city, district 4, Republic of
Uzbekistan

<https://doi.org/10.5281/zenodo.14810619>

ARTICLE INFO

Qabul qilindi: 25-Yanvar 2025 yil
Ma'qullandi: 28-Yanvar 2025 yil
Nashr qilindi: 31-Yanvar 2025 yil

KEY WORDS

Pneumomechanics, economic efficiency, production technology, rationalization, rotation frequency, BD-448 spinning machine, machine, cotton fiber, equipment.

ABSTRACT

The article calculates and justifies the annual economic efficiency of implementing the results obtained from improving the design of the supply cylinder in 1344 spinning chambers of 3 BD-448 machines.

The economic efficiency of introducing high-performance spinning machines into production, ensuring the production of high-quality products, was calculated based on the current "Methodology for determining economic efficiency of introducing new equipment, innovations and rationalization proposals into the national economy".

Annual economic efficiency was calculated by comparing the variable costs of the basic and proposed technological options according to this methodology [1, 2, 3].

The frequency of rotation of the chambers in the BD-448 spinning machine is 100,000 min⁻¹. In order to evaluate the role of the newly recommended supply cylinder in the spinning technology process and the results obtained in the BD-448 spinning machine, a carded yarn with a linear density of 29 tex was processed from the BD-448 pneumatic spinning machine. A wick of Bukhara-102 cotton fiber of the 4th type, 1st grade, good class was used for yarn production. The recommended feeding cylinder in this spinning machine reduces damage to the fiber roving and delivers it to the discretization zone without disturbing its smooth parallel stable movement along its width and length, as a result of which the number of yarn breaks is reduced, its quality is increased, and economic efficiency is achieved.

According to the current methodology, the economic efficiency obtained in the production

and use of a new labor tool (machine, equipment, etc.) is calculated by the following formula [4, 5, 6]:

$$\mathfrak{D} = \left[3_1 \cdot \frac{B_2}{B_1} \cdot \frac{P_1 + E_H}{P_2 + E_H} + \frac{(U'_1 - U'_2) - E_H(K'_2 - K'_1)}{P_2 + E_H} - 3_2 \right] \quad (1.1)$$

here, $3_1, 3_2$ – The amount of costs incurred per unit of output for old and new equipment, thousand soums; $\frac{B_2}{B_1}$ – The coefficient of comparison of the efficiency of new equipment with the old one. ; θ_1, θ_2 – The appropriate performance of basic and new equipment; $\frac{P_1 + E_H}{P_2 + E_H}$ – coefficient for taking into account the service life of equipment compared to the baseline; P_1, P_2 – the share of the balance sheet value allocated to the complete restoration of the base and new equipment, taking into account moral obsolescence; E_H – efficiency production, $E_H=0,15$; K'_1, K'_2 – the amount of consumer-directed capital investment in the base and new equipment; U'_1, U'_2 – annual operating costs of the consumer using the base and new equipment in the implemented option.

The cost-effectiveness of this research work is based on cash flow covering all costs associated with purchasing, transporting, installing, and operating the equipment. [7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14].

The cost-effectiveness of this research work is based on cash flow covering all costs associated with purchasing, transporting, installing, and operating the equipment.

$$\mathfrak{D}_{\text{сиф}} = (Q_1 \cdot P_1 - Q_2 \cdot P_2) \quad (1.2)$$

here, Q_1, Q_2 – base and annual production volume under the proposed option, in natural units; P_1, P_2 – price of one unit of the product according to the basis and the proposed option, soums.

In this case, the annual economic efficiency obtained from introducing new equipment into production will be equal to: [15-25]:

$$\mathfrak{D}_{\text{й}} = \mathfrak{D} + \mathfrak{D}_{\text{сиф}} \quad (1.3)$$

Table 1.1 lists the information needed to perform calculations.

1.1- table

Information needed to calculate the cost effectiveness of introducing an improved version of the spinning machine feed cylinder design into production

τ/p	Indicators	Unit of measurement	Options		difference
			Basis	Offered	
1.	Annual production volume	ton	5000	5323	+323
	Linear density of thread, tex	tex	29	29,4	+0.40
2.	Number of installed equipment	grain	3	3	-
3.	Number of cameras	grain	1344	1344	-
3.	Equipment performance	kg/h	82,1	98,56	+16,46
4.	The relative tensile strength of the thread	sN/tex	11,76	12,915	+11,76
5.	Number of outages in 1000 cameras for 1 hour	times	67	46	+21

6.	Depreciation Allowances for Equipment	%	15	15	-
7.	Allowance for daily recovery	%	5,0	5,0	-
8.	Delivery and assembly allowance	%	10,0	10,0	-
9	Power consumption per camera	kW	0,156	0,156	-
10	Price of consumed 1 kW/h of electricity	soum	325	325	-
9.	Amount of payment for installed capacity	soum	36800	36800	-
10.	Minimum wage set for calculations	soum	920000	920000	-
11.	Payment to social insurance	%	23	23	-
12.	Price of 1 kg of 4 type I cotton fibers The exchange rate of 1 US dollar is 11169 soums	(III.6) сўм	2.57 28704,3	2.57 28704,3	
13.	The price of 1 kg of yarn: The exchange rate of 1 US dollar is 11169 soums	(III.6) сўм	4,1 45792	4,3 48026	+0,2 +2234

- 1. Capital investment account
- In the basic version:
- The balance value of installed equipment is equal to:
- - The cost of VD-448 equipment corresponding to one camera

775.5

thousand soums.

Total: - 775.5 thousand soums.

- In the proposed option:
- The balance sheet value of equipment is equal to:
- - The cost of VD-448 equipment corresponding to one camera - 775,500 soums;
- Costs of scientific and technical development corresponding to one camera - 6.4 thousand soums.

Total: - 781,9 thousand soums.

2. Calculation of operating costs

Accounting works are carried out only on changed cost elements.

Depreciation allowances

In the basic version: $\frac{775,5 \cdot 15}{100} = 116,3$ t. soum

In the proposed option: $\frac{781,9 \cdot 15}{100} = 117,3$ t. soum

3. Daily maintenance costs

In the basic version:

$\frac{775,5 \cdot 5,0}{100} = 3,77$ t. soum

In the proposed option: $\frac{781,9 \cdot 5,0}{100} = 39,09$ t. soum

4. Electricity consumption is calculated as follows:

$$W = P_y \cdot K_c \cdot T_c \cdot C_3 \quad (1.4)$$

here, P_y - power of installed electric motors;
equipment annual useful operating hours;
electricity.

K_c - demand factor; T_c -
 C_3 - 1 кВт/ч the cost of consumed

In the basic version:

$$W = 387,69 \cdot 0,325 = 126 \text{ t. soum}$$

In the proposed version:

$$W = 387,69 \cdot 0,325 = 126 \text{ t. soum}$$

5. In order to reduce damage to the fibers, the spinning machine supply cylinder consists of an outer wavy bushing and an inner bushing, and they are connected by means of a mutual rubber bushing of brand 3827 and a coefficient of uniformity of $1.5 \cdot 10^4$ Nm/rad [26-30].

32 grams for one machine, 0.07 grams for one camera, total cost of rubber is 322 soums.

The total annual cost will be:

$$1 \text{ camera} \cdot 10 \text{ replacements} \cdot 322 = 3.22 \text{ thousand soums.}$$

The obtained results are summarized in Table 1.2.

Table 1.2.

Estimated and operational costs based on the basic and proposed options, in thousands of soums

№	Indicators	Options	
		Basis	Basis
1	Cost of equipment until upgrade	705	705
2	Equipment transportation and installation costs	71	71
3	Correct capital expenditure	613	613
4	Costs of ITIs	-	6
5	On the creation of equipment production funds are capital deposits	613	619
6	To prepare tools and equipment quoted costs	867	868
7	Operating expenses, total including:	281	286
	- depreciation allowances	116	117
	- daily maintenance	39	39
	- edible cost of electricity	126	126
	- material consumption	-	3,22

The amount of directed capital funds is taken in the amount of 10% of the balance sheet value of the base and applied equipment:

$$K'_1 = \frac{775,5 \cdot 10}{100} = 77,55 \text{ t. soum}$$

$$K'_2 = \frac{781,9 \cdot 10}{100} = 78,19 \text{ t. soum}$$

Putting the obtained data into the formula (1.3), the annual economic efficiency from the introduction of new equipment into production is calculated for one camera:

$$\mathfrak{A}_{\text{ж}} = 867 \cdot 1,45 \cdot 1,2 + \frac{(281 - 286) - 0,15 \cdot (78,19 - 77,55)}{0,164 + 0,15} -$$

$$-868 = 624,35 \text{ t. soum}$$

624.35 thousand soums per year for one spinning chamber, 448 624.35 = 279708.8 thousand soums for one machine, and 3 279708 8= 839126.4 thousand soums of economic benefits were calculated.

Used literature:

1. Jumayevich, M. O., Erkinovich, P. O., & Shavkatjon o'g, Q. S. D. (2025). ANALYSIS OF CONSTRUCTIVE CHARACTERISTICS OF THE SUPPLY ZONE SUPPLY CYLINDER OF SPINNING MACHINES. Web of Scientists and Scholars: Journal of Multidisciplinary Research, 3(1), 63-66.
2. MURODOV O.J., BOBOJONOV S.H. TARMOQDA MEXANIZATSIYALASHTIRISH VA AVTOMATLASHTIRISH//O'ZBEKISTON RESPUBLIKASI OLIY TA'LIM, FAN VA INNOVATSIYALAR VAZIRLIGI. TOSHKENT TO'QIMQCHILIK VA YENGIL SANOAT INSTITUTI/TOSHKENT INNOVATSIYA ZIYO-2024. P. 192.
3. Tashpulatov, D. S., Muradov, A. J., Juraev, A., Gafurov, J. K., & Vassiliadis, S. (2018, December). Design development and parameters calculation methods of plastic diamond pattern bars on resilient supports in ginning machines. In IOP Conference Series: Materials Science and Engineering (Vol. 459, No. 1, p. 012068). IOP Publishing.
4. Муродов, О. Ж. (2021). Снижение повреждаемости семян в сепараторе хлопка-сырца. Технологии и качество, 3(53), 48.
5. Хожиев, М. Т., Ташпулатов, Д. С., Джураев, А. Д., Муродов, О. Д., Рахимов, А. Х., Плеханов, А. Ф., ... & Разумеев, К. Э. (2019). Сепаратор хлопка-сырца.
6. Murodov, O. J., & Sh, A. A. (2021, October). Estimation of cyclone gas flow parameters and development of new technical solutions for dust collectors. In Role and tasks in the development of process automation systems". Republican scientific and practical conference. Fergana (pp. 36-40).
7. Todjiyevich, X. M., Jumayevich, M. O., Shuxratovna, A. A., & A'lovidinovna, S. N. (2024). STUDY OF THE INFLUENCE OF THE DIMENSIONS OF THE CYCLONE INLET ON THE CYCLONE PERFORMANCE. Western European Journal of Modern Experiments and Scientific Methods, 2(11), 7-18.
8. Муродов, О. Ж., & Адилова, А. Ш. (2024). ХАРАКТЕРИСТИКА ТУРБУЛЕНТНОГО ТЕЧЕНИЯ С ПОМОЩЬЮ ЧИСЛЕННОГО МОДЕЛИРОВАНИЯ. Ответственный редактор, 26.
9. Abduraimova, N. J. Q., Murodov, O. J., & Saidova, N. (2023). Analysis of Flours from Cotton Mills and Their Composition Elements. International Journal of Discoveries and Innovations in Applied Sciences, 3(9), 42-49.
10. МУРОДОВ, О. Ж., & САИДОВА, Н. А. (2023). АНАЛИЗ ВЫБРОСОВ ПЫЛИ ПРИ

ПЕРЕРАБОТКЕ ХЛОПКА. In Юность и знания-гарантия успеха-2023 (pp. 290-293).

11. Жумаевич, М. О., Шухратовна, А. А., & Аъловидиновна, С. Н. (2023). ПУТИ СНИЖЕНИЯ КОЛИЧЕСТВА ПЫЛИ ВЫБРАСЫВАЕМОЙ ХЛОПКОПЕРЕРАБАТЫВАЮЩИМИ ПРЕДПРИЯТИЯМИ.

12. Аъловидиновна, С. Н., Жумаевич, М. О., & Шухратовна, А. А. (2023). ПРИМЕНЕНИЕ УРАВНЕНИЯ НАВЬЕ-СТОКСА ПРИ ИЗУЧЕНИИ ДИНАМИКИ ПЫЛЕВОЗДУШНЫХ ПОТОКОВ НА ХЛОПКООЧИСТИТЕЛЬНЫХ ЗАВОДАХ.

13. Ражабов, И. Я., & Муродов, О. Ж. Применение Шнекового Устройства При Очистке Хлопка И Анализ Результатов Полного Факторного Эксперимента. Journal of Engineering, Mechanics and Modern Architecture.

14. Ражабов, И. Я., & Муродов, О. Ж. Влияние Использования Нового Улучшенного Шнека При Очистке Хлопка На Эффективность Очистки. Journal of Engineering, Mechanics and Modern Architecture.

15. ABDUGAFFAROV, X., & MURODOV, O. ABOUT WOOD BASED PLAIN BEARINGS FOR COTTON GINS.

16. Muradov, O., & Saidova, N. (2023). PAXTA TOZALASH KORXONALARIDA HAVO OQIMINI CHANGDAN TOZALOVCHI AGREGAT KONSTRUKTSIYASINI TAKOMILLASHTIRISH. SCIENCE AND INNOVATIVE DEVELOPMENT, 6(2), 30-41.

17. Yaxshimurodovich, R. I., & Jumayevich, M. O. (2023). THE PROCESS OF RESEARCH OF AIR CLEANING AIR CLEANING AT CAPTURING WITH COLLARS AND ELIMINATING THE SPLASHING. ARXITEKTURA, MUHANDISLIK VA ZAMONAVIY TEXNOLOGIYALAR JURNALI, 2(3), 72-83.

18. Yahshimurodovich, R. I., & Jumaevich, M. A. (2023). Effect of Using the New Improved Auger in Cotton Cleaning on Cleaning Efficiency. JOURNAL OF ENGINEERING, MECHANICS AND MODERN ARCHITECTURE, 2(3), 1-6.

19. Муродов, О. Ж., & Саидова, Н. А. (2023). Пахта тозалаш корхоналарида ҳаво оқимини чангдан тозаловчи агрегат конструкциясини такомиллаштириш. Илм-фан ва инновацион ривожланиш/Наука и инновационное развитие, 6(2), 30-41.

20. MURODOV, O. IMPROVEMENT OF THE DESIGN AND JUSTIFICATION OF THE PARAMETERS OF THE RAW COTTON SEPARATOR.